National Aeronautics and Space Administration



## Single-Event Effects in Silicon and Silicon Carbide Power Devices

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### **List of Acronyms**



**BJT** – Bipolar Junction Transistor

**BVdss** – Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage

**ETW** – Electronic Technology Workshop

FY - Fiscal Year

**GRC** – Glenn Research Center

**GSFC** – Goddard Space Flight Center

**HEMT** – High Electron-Mobility Transistor

I<sub>D</sub> – Drain current

I<sub>G</sub> – Gate current

**JEDEC** – (not an acronym)

JESD - JEDEC Standard

JFET – Junction Field-Effect Transistor

JJAP – Japanese Journal of Applied Physics

**JPL** – Jet Propulsion Laboratory

LBNL – Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory 88-Inch cyclotron

**LET** – Linear Energy Transfer

MOSFET – Metal Oxide Semiconductor Field Effect Transistor

**NEPP –** NASA Electronic Parts and Packaging program

**PIGS** – Post-Irradiation Gate Stress

**RF** – Radio Frequency

**SEB** – Single-Event Burnout

**SEE** – Single-Event Effect

SEFI – Single-Event Functional Interrupt

**SEGR** – Single-Event Gate Rupture

**SEP** – Solar Electric Propulsion

**SET** – Single-Event Transient

**SOA** – State-Of-the-Art

**TID** – Total Ionizing Dose

**VDMOS** – vertical, planar gate double-diffused power MOSFET

**V**<sub>DS</sub> – Drain-source voltage

V<sub>GS</sub> – Gate-source voltage

**V**<sub>R</sub> – Reverse-bias Voltage

#### Goals



#### Assess SiC power devices for space applications

- Develop relationships with SiC device suppliers
- Investigate SEE susceptibility of currently available products
- Understand SEE mechanisms to enable radiation hardening

#### Participate in test method revisions:

 Lead JEDEC JESD57 revision: "Test Procedure for the Measurements of Single-Event Effects in Semiconductor Devices from Heavy Ion Irradiation" – current version is from 1996

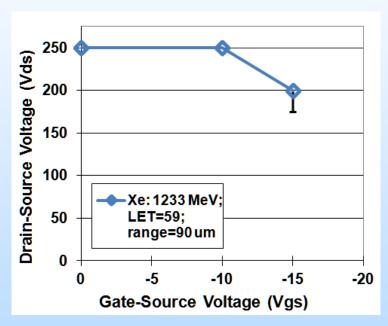
## Evaluate alternative silicon power MOSFETs for space applications

- Winding down focus on Si VDMOS: We've gone from 1 to 6 manufacturers offering independently verified SEE radiation-hardened discrete silicon power MOSFETs!
- Thank you to all manufacturers who partnered with us over the years to provide this critical product to the aerospace community
- We are always interested in SOA high-performance Si MOSFETs..

#### Si Power MOSFETs



- FUJI advanced 2<sup>nd</sup> generation radiation-hardened VDMOS:
  - Developed to withstand PIGS test
  - Hardness of 250 VDMOS evaluated at LBNL failures only at -15 Vgs
  - 500 V device in development



Single-event effect response curve of FUJI engineering samples of new 250 VDMOS

 NEPP (JPL) invited to observe Microsemi 2<sup>nd</sup> generation i2MOS<sup>TM</sup> SEE testing this summer

## JEDEC Standard No. 57 (JESD57) Revision Efforts



JESD57: "Test Procedures for the Measurement of Single-Event Effects in Semiconductor Devices from Heavy Ion Irradiation"

- FY13 efforts: update SEGR test method within JESD57
  - Current understanding of ion species and energy effects
    - Guidance for beam selection based on species
  - Scope expanded:
    - Discrete MOSFETs of various topologies
    - Microcircuits
- FY14 efforts include complete JESD57 update
  - Document reorganization
  - Addition of SEB, SET
  - Expansion of SEFI understanding
  - and more

#### **JESD57 Content Revision**



#### Key content updates:

- Basic effects expanded to better address:
  - SEB, SEFIs, SEGR, SETs
  - Effects not well understood to be addressed as "notes":
    - SiC and Si Schottky burnout-like failures
    - RF SEE challenges, including on-state catastrophic failures in GaN HEMTs

#### Definitions updated to current JESD88

- Some definitions are still out-of-date need to be expanded to reflect current understanding of effects
  - SEFI, SEU

#### DUT preparation expanded

- Die thinning
- High-voltage die arcing after decapsulation
- Dosimetry practices updated
- Document reorganized for improved readability

### SiC Power Devices Evaluated to Date



Part Type	Manufacturer	Part Number	Date Tested
Schottky (1200 V)	Cree	C4D40120D*	Spr 2013
	GeneSiC	GB20SLT12*	Sum 2013
Schottky (650 V)	Infineon	IDW40G65C5*	Sum 2013
MOSFET (1200 V)	Cree	Gen 2.0*	Fall 2013
		Gen 1.5 (prototype)*	Fall 2013
		Gen 1.0	Fall 2012
	Cissoid	CHT-PLA8543C*	Sum/Fall 2013
NPN BJT (1200 V)	TranSiC (now Fairchild)	BT1206AA-P1	Sum 2012
JFET, normally off (1200 V)	SemiSouth	SJEP120R100	Sum 2012
JFET, normally off (1700 V)	SemiSouth	SJEP170R550	Fall 2012

<sup>\*</sup> Evaluated under the NASA SEP Program with support from NEPP

### **SiC Schottky Diodes**

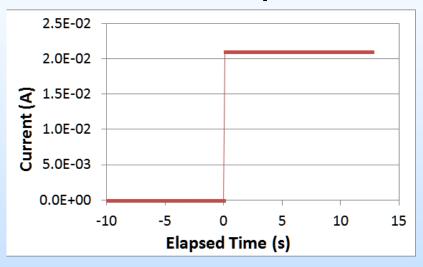


- Two modes of SEE effects, both reported previously in the literature
  - Degradation
  - Catastrophic failure
- Degradation (increasing reverse-bias leakage current) prevents identification of onset bias for single-event catastrophic failure
- As previously reported, catastrophic failure can occur under proton irradiation
- Failure location within active region (as opposed to field termination region)
  - To be verified via failure analysis

### **GB20SLT12 Current Signatures**

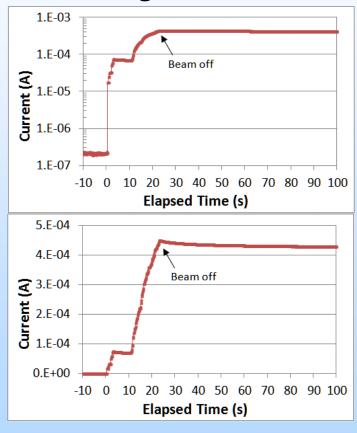


Ag:  $V_R = 500 \text{ V}$ avg. flux = 24 /cm<sup>2</sup>/s: Immediate catastrophic failure



1110 MeV Ag ions:  $LET = 66 \text{ MeV-cm}^2/\text{mg}$  $Range = 49 \mu \text{m}$ 

Ag:  $V_R = 350 \text{ V}$ avg. flux = 589 /cm<sup>2</sup>/s: Degradation

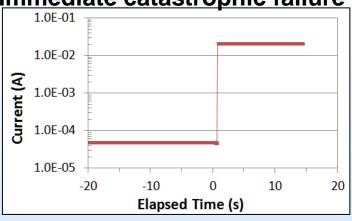


### C4D40120D Current Signatures

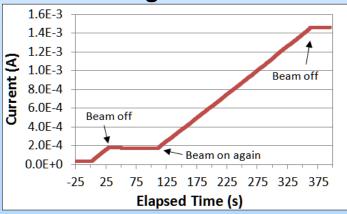


Ag:  $V_R = 650 \text{ V}$ avg. flux =  $1088 / \text{cm}^2/\text{s}$ :

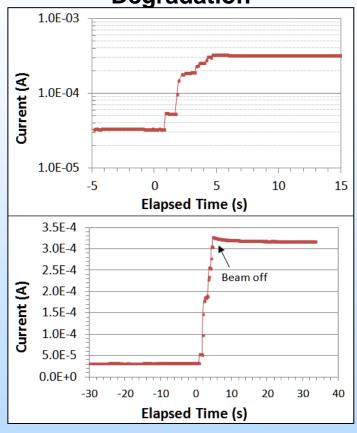
Immediate catastrophic failure 1.0F-01



Ag:  $V_R = 300 \text{ V}$ ave flux =  $1088 / \text{cm}^2/\text{s}$ : **Degradation** 



Ag:  $V_R = 450 \text{ V}$ avg. flux =  $63 / \text{cm}^2 / \text{s}$ : **Degradation** 



1110 MeV Ag ions: LET = 66 MeV-cm<sup>2</sup>/mg; Range = 49  $\mu$ m

## SiC Schottky Diode Damage Signatures



- Degradation of reverse current:
  - Influenced by ion/energy
    - Have not looked at multiple energies for single ion species to isolate energy effects
  - Influenced by reverse bias voltage
  - Does not recover after irradiation
    - Failure analyses to be done to see extent of damage

#### **SiC Power MOSFETs**

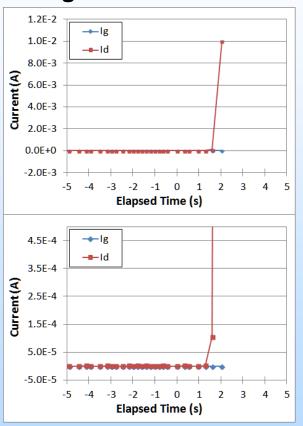


- Two modes of SEE effects as with Schottkys
  - Degradation
  - Catastrophic failure
- Unclear what the primary failure mode is
  - Both gate and drain current increases
  - Substantially thinner gate oxide in Cree generation 2.0 does not result in increased SEGR susceptibility
    - Cree Gen 1.5 shows predominately SEGR signatures
    - Cree Gen 2 shows predominately burnout-like damage
- Susceptibility falls off with angle of incidence
  - assessed only in Cree Gen 1 parts
- Titus-Wheatley critical  $V_{GS}$  at 0  $V_{DS}$  holds (unchanged) for Cree MOSFETs (established on gen 1.0)

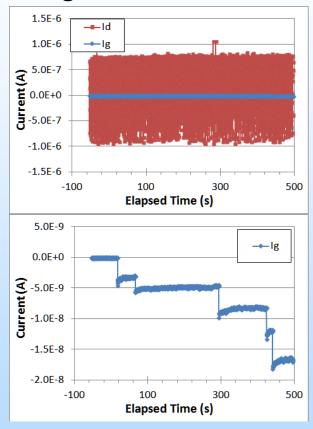
$$V_{gs(crit)} = \frac{10^7 \times t_{ox}}{1 + \frac{Z}{44}}$$

# Cree Gen. 2.0 Signatures: Catastrophic Failure; Gate Degradation

Xe:  $650 V_{DS}$ ;  $0 V_{GS}$  avg. flux = 17 /cm<sup>2</sup>/s



Xe: 300  $V_{DS}$ ; 0  $V_{GS}$  avg. flux = 13.5 /cm<sup>2</sup>/s



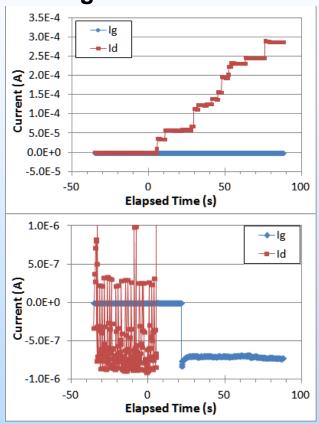
996 MeV Xe ions:

 $LET = 65 \text{ MeV-cm}^2/\text{mg}, Range = 49 \mu\text{m}$ 

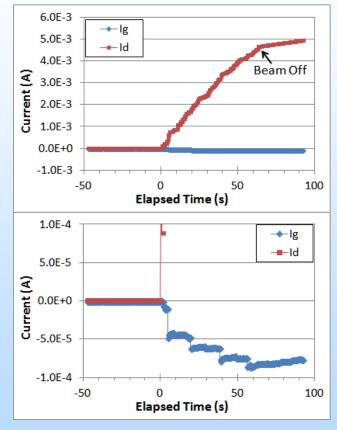
## Cree Gen. 2.0 Signatures: Drain-Source Damage



Xe:  $500 V_{DS}$  avg. flux =  $6 / \text{cm}^2 / \text{s}$ 



Xe:  $500 V_{DS}$  avg. flux =  $162 / \text{cm}^2 / \text{s}$ 



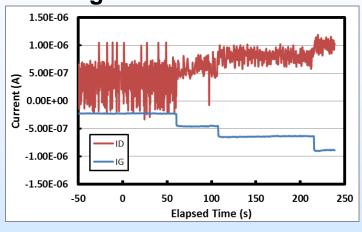
#### 996 MeV Xe ions:

 $LET = 65 \text{ MeV-cm}^2/\text{mg}, Range = 49 \mu\text{m}$ 

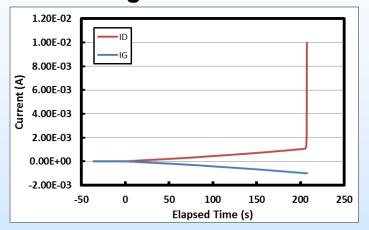
## **Cree Gen. 1.5 Signatures: Gate-Drain damage**



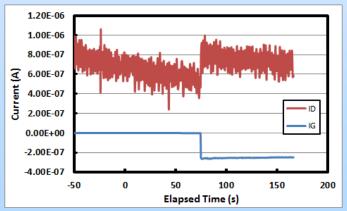
Xe:  $182 V_{DS}$  avg. flux =  $45 / \text{cm}^2 / \text{s}$ 



Xe:  $400 V_{DS}$  avg. flux =  $484 / cm^2 / s$ 



Xe:  $182 V_{DS}$  ave flux =  $68 / \text{cm}^2 / \text{s}$ 

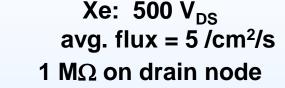


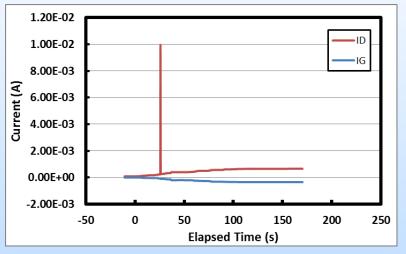
After run on left. BVdss = 912 V (BVdss defined at  $I_D$  = 100  $\mu$ A). PIGS = 40  $\mu$ A at 18  $V_{GS}$ , 0  $V_{DS}$ .

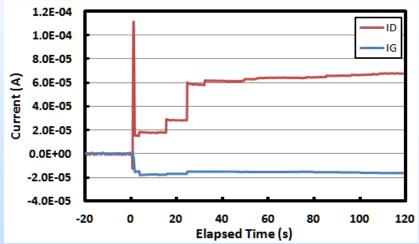
## **Cree Gen. 1.5 Details:** "Protective Mode" Test



Xe:  $500 V_{DS}$ avg. flux =  $5 / cm^2 / s$ Unprotected test







#### With protective resistor:

- $\Delta I_D > \Delta I_G$
- I<sub>G</sub> shows some temporary recovery
- Failure mode is not pure SEGR

### Power MOSFETs (cont'd)



- Revisit protective mode:
  - Apply lower V<sub>DS</sub> conditions
  - Examine Cree Gen 2 where drain current effects predominate
- Revisit Cree Gen 1 test data to assess predominate failure signature
- STMicro SiC power MOSFETs to be evaluated June 29<sup>th</sup>
  - Designer will be present
- Negotiating with GeneSiC to obtain samples of their SiC Junction Transistor

### **Conclusions and Path Forward**



- SiC devices show high TID tolerance, but low SEE tolerance
  - Degradation occurs well below rated bias voltage
  - Increased leakage currents with ion fluence are a function of LET and bias voltage on the part
- Identification of a safe operating condition is extremely difficult
  - Degradation interferes with adequate sampling of the die with ions – many samples would be required
  - Degradation may impact part reliability
- Signatures are similar across manufacturers and part types:
  - Mechanism is more fundamental than geometry or process quality
  - Recent research (Shoji, JJAP, 2014) suggests impact ionization at the epi/substrate interface due to the space-charge induced increase in the electric field results in thermal damage (SEB)
    - Vulnerability tied to much higher heat generation density in SiC vs. Si